DAMSELFLIES AND DRAGONFLIES (Odonata)

At rest, damselflies hold their wings together above the body or liverging; dragonflies hold them horizontal.

NARROW-WINGED DAMSELFLIES, Family Coenagrionidae Wings stalked at base and held together above body at rest; 2 antenodal cross veins; M3 rises behind nodus.

CIVIL BLUET, Enallagma civile (Hagen); N. America. VIOLET DANCER, Argia violacea (Hagen); ne. U.S.

COMMON FORKTAIL, Ischnura verticalis (Say), 9; e. N. America.

BROAD-WINGED DAMSELFLIES, Family Calopterygidae Wings gradually narrowed at base and held together above body at rest; wings usually with blackish or reddish areas; 10 or more antenodal cross veins.

BLACK-WINGED DAMSELFLY, Calopteryx maculata (Beau-

vais), ♂; e. N. America.

p. 72 COMMON SKIMMERS, Family Libellulidae Dragonflies without a brace vein; anal loop in HW elongate, with a bisector, and usually foot-shaped; hind margin of compound eyes straight or nearly so.

ELISA SKIMMER, Celithemis elisa (Hagen); e. N. America. COMMON AMBERWING, Perithemis tenera (Say), &; e. N.

America.

DARNERS, Family Aeshnidae Dragonflies with a brace vein, and with compound eyes in contact for a considerable distance on dorsal side of head; Q with ovipositor well developed.

GREEN DARNER, Anax junius (Drury); N. America. EASTERN BLUE DARNER, Aeshna verticalis Hagen; ne. U.S.

CLUBTAILS, Family Gomphidae Dragonflies with a brace vein, and with compound eyes separated; terminal abdominal segments sometimes dilated; Q without an

ovipositor.

Gomphus vastus Walsh; e. U.S.

